

US Opportunity Analysis: Comparing US Practice to CONQUEST Quality Standards (2011-2019)

An observational, longitudinal, descriptive study for the CONQUEST programme
Focused on a population of high-risk patients with diagnosed or potential COPD.
Analysis sample was identified in 2019 and in each previous year back to 2011.
Routinely collected primary care data was assessed over the relevant time frame for each outcome; the 12 months before or after 1 January of each study year.
2019 was chosen as the key year for the data as it provides the most up-to-date information prior to the COVID-19 pandemic.





Patterns of care in the management of high-risk COPD in the US (2011-2019): an observational study for the CONQUEST quality improvement program.

Margee Kerr, Yasir Tarabichi, Alexander Evans, Douglas Mapel, Wilson Pace, Victoria Carter, Amy Couper, M Bradley Drummond, Norbert Feigler, Alex Federman, Hitesh Gandhi, Nicola A Hanania, Alan Kaplan, Konstantinos Kostikas, Maja Kruszyk, Marije van Melle, Hana Müllerová, Ruth Murray, Jill Ohar, Michael Pollack, Rachel Pullen, Dennis Williams, Juan Wisnivesky, MeiLan K Han, Catherine Meldrum, David Price.

Lancet Regional Health - Americas. 2023. 24: 100546.

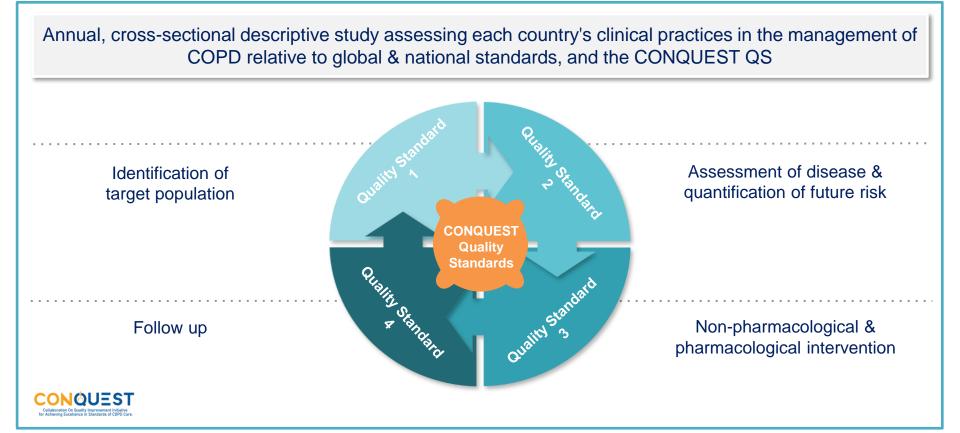
CONQUEST is conducted by Optimum Patient Care Global and the Observational and Pragmatic Research Institute and is co-funded by Optimum Patient Care Global and AstraZeneca



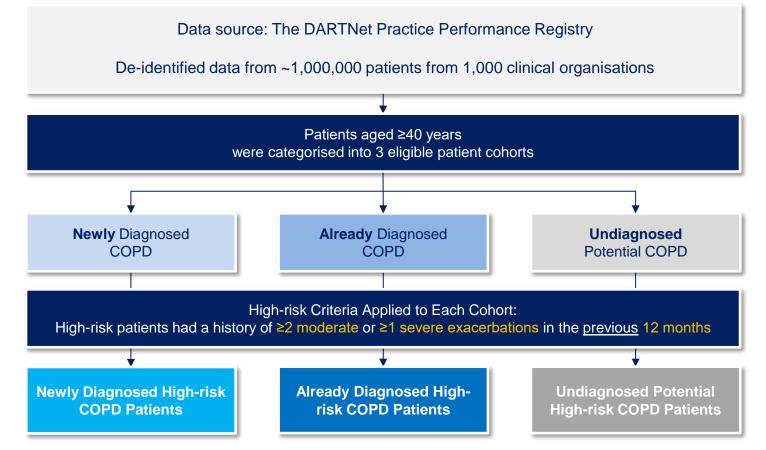
Aims & Methods











Kerr et al. Lancet Regional Health – Americas. 2023. 24: 100546. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lana.2023.100546</u>

Key US Results & Take Away Messages







3





Scope to enhance identification of those at high-risk of exacerbations & other adverse events

Opportunities to Assess & Diagnose Earlier

Opportunities to Provide Earlier Pharmacological & Nonpharmacological Intervention

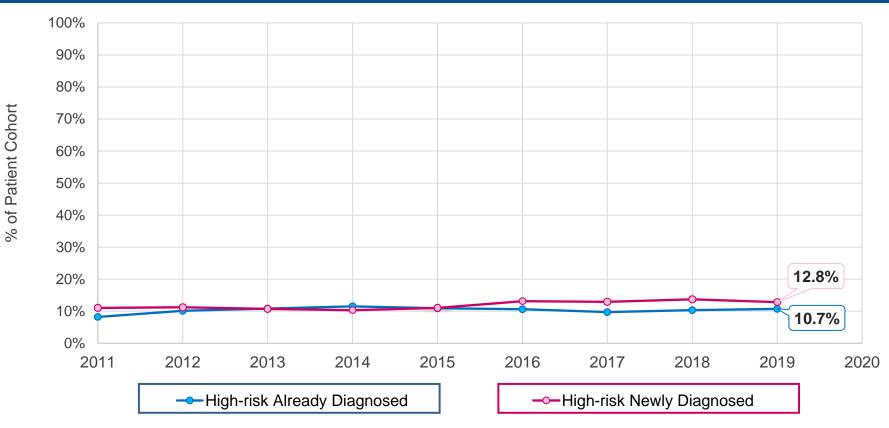
Scope to Improve Consistency in EMR Coding

Kerr et al. Lancet Regional Health – Americas. 2023. 24: 100546. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lana.2023.100546





Takeaway Message 1 : Scope to enhance identification of those at high-risk of exacerbations & other adverse events

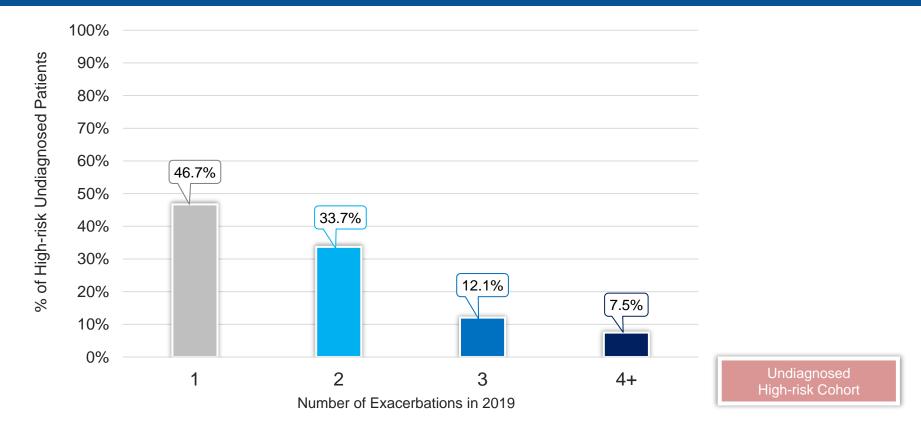


High-risk patients are those with COPD or potential COPD who have ≥2 moderate, or ≥1 severe exacerbations in the last 24 months, with at least 1 exacerbation occurring in the last 12 months Kerr et al. Lancet Regional Health – Americas. 2023. 24: 100546. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lana.2023.100546





Takeaway Message 2 : Opportunities to Assess & Diagnose Patients Earlier

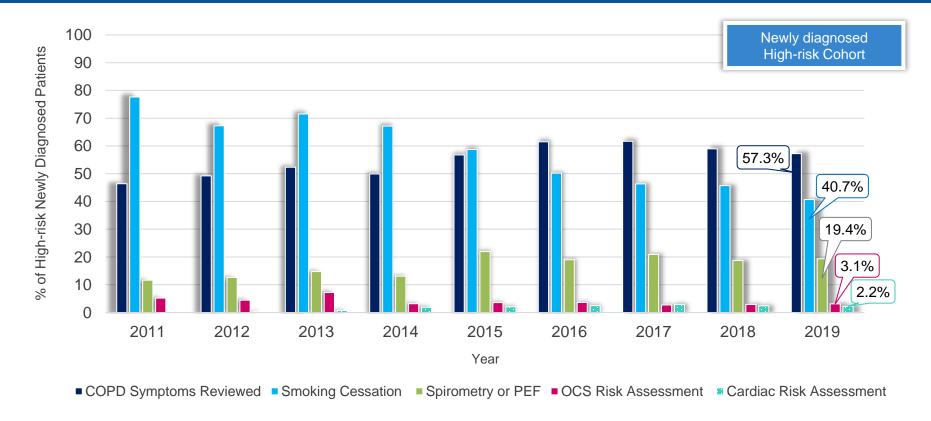


Quality Improvement Initiative for Achievin Excellence in Standards for COPD Care

2019 Data. Kerr et al. Lancet Regional Health - Americas. 2023. 24: 100546. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lana.2023.100546



Takeaway Message 3 : Scope to Improve Consistency in EMR Coding



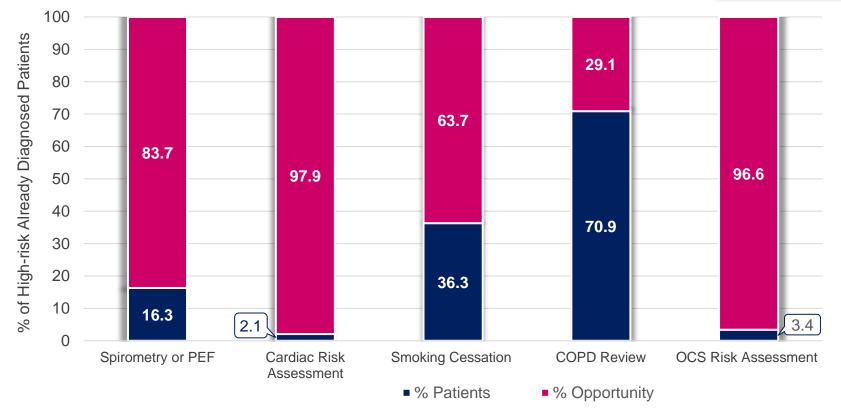
EMR: Electronic Medical Records; PEF: Peak Expiratory Flow. Kerr et al. Lancet Regional Health – Americas. 2023. 24: 100546. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lana.2023.100546





Takeaway Message 3 : Scope to Improve Consistency in EMR Coding (2)

Already diagnosed High-risk Cohort

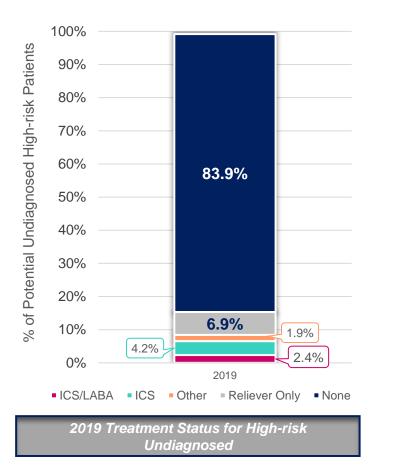


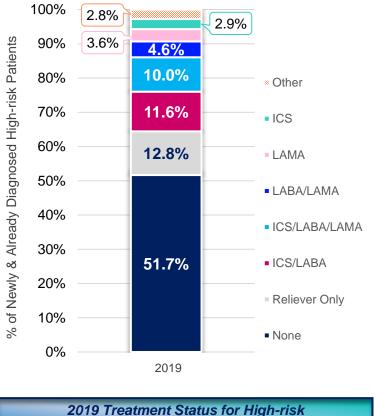
2019 Data. Kerr et al. Lancet Regional Health - Americas. 2023. 24: 100546. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lana.2023.100546





Takeaway Message 4 : Opportunities to Provide Earlier Pharmacological & Non-pharmacological Intervention





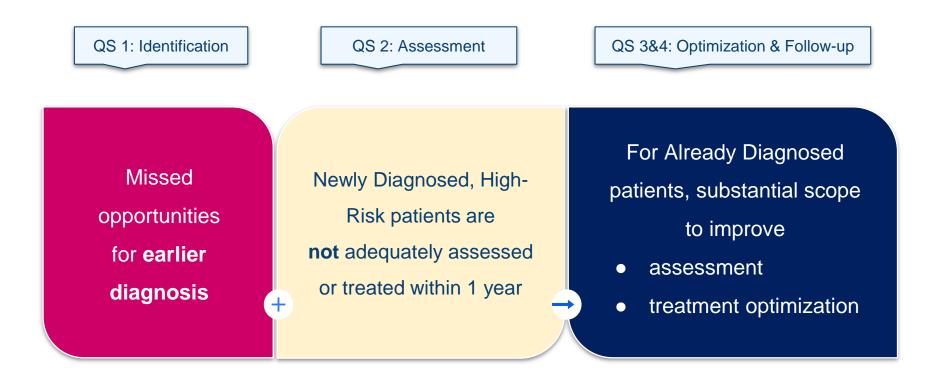
Newly & Already Diagnosed

Kerr et al. Lancet Regional Health – Americas. 2023. 24: 100546. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lana.2023.100546

Conclusions from USA Data







QS: CONQUEST Quality Standard. Kerr et al. Lancet Regional Health - Americas. 2023. 24: 100546. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lana.2023.100546







For More Information on the Findings of the US Opportunity Analysis Manuscript

View the full article here: <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lana.2023.100546</u>

